Chapter 36

BRANCH CIRCUIT AND FEEDER REQUIREMENTS

SECTION E3601 GENERAL

E3601.1 Scope. This chapter covers branch circuits and feeders and specifies the minimum required branch circuits, the allowable loads and the required overcurrent protection for branch circuits and feeders that serve less than 100 percent of the total dwelling unit load. Feeder circuits that serve 100 percent of the dwelling unit load shall be sized in accordance with the procedures in Chapter 35.

E3601.2 Branch-circuit and feeder ampacity. Branch-circuit and feeder conductors shall have ampacities not less than the maximum load to be served. Where a branch circuit or a feeder supplies continuous loads or any combination of continuous and noncontinuous loads, the minimum branch-circuit or feeder conductor size, before the application of any adjustment or correction factors, shall have an allowable ampacity equal to or greater than the noncontinuous load plus 125 percent of the continuous load.

E3601.3 Selection of ampacity. Where more than one equilated or tabulated ampacity could apply for a given vircuit length, the lowest value shall be used.

Exception: Where two different ampacities apply to idacent portions of a circuit, the higher appacity shall be permitted to be used beyond the point of transition of distance equal to 10 feet (3048 mm) or 10 percent of the circuit length figured at the higher ampacity, which ever is less.

E3601.4 Multi-outlet branch incuits, conductors of multioutlet branch circuits supplying more than one receptacle for cord- and plug-connected portable fields shall have ampacities of not less than the rating of the branch circuit.

E3601.5 Multiwire branch circuits. At conductors for multiwire branch vircuits challoriginate from the same panelboard. Where two on more devices on the same yoke or strap are supplied by a multiwire branch circuit, a means shall be provided at the panelboard where the circuit originates to simultaneously an connect or ungrounded conductors of the multiwire vircuit. Extep, where all ungrounded conductors are opened simultaneously by the branch-circuit overcurrent device, multiwire branch circuits shall supply only line-to-neutral loads a configurate.

SECTION E3602 BRANCH CIRCUIT RATINGS

E3602.1 Branch-circuit voltage limitations. The voltage rating of branch circuits that supply luminaires, receptacles for cord- and plug-connected loads of up to 1,440 volt-amperes, and loads of less than 0.25 horsepower shall be limited to a maximum rating of 120 volts, nominal, between conductors.

Branch circuits that supply cord- and plug-connected or permanently connected utilization equipment and appliances rated at 1,440 volt-amperes and higher r more than 1/4 horse-power shall be rated at 120 volts or 40 volts, nominal.

E3602.2 Branch-circuit amount rating. Branch circuits shall be rated in accordance with the maximum allowable ampere rating or setting of the overcurrent protection device. The rating for other than individual branch circuits shall be 15, 20, 30, 40 and 50 amperes. Where conductors of higher ampacity are used, the ampere rating or setting of the specified overcurrent device shall determine the circuit rating.

E3602.3 britteen- and -9-ampere branch circuits. A 15- or 20-ample obtain the circuit shall be permitted to supply lighting units evolve utilization equipment, or a combination of both. The vating of any one cord- and plug-connected utilization equipment shall not exceed 80 percent of the branch-circuit amperenting. The total rating of utilization equipment fastened in place, other than lighting fixtures, shall not exceed 50 percent of the branch-circuit ampere rating where lighting units, cord- and plug-connected utilization equipment not fastened in place, or both, are also supplied.

E3602.4 Thirty-ampere branch circuits. A 30-ampere branch circuit shall be permitted to supply fixed utilization equipment. A rating of any one cord- and plug-connected utilization equipment shall not exceed 80 percent of the branch-circuit ampere rating.

E3602.5 Branch circuits serving multiple loads or outlets. General-purpose branch circuits shall supply lighting outlets, appliances, equipment or receptacle outlets, and combinations of such. The rating of a fastened-in-place appliance or equipment, where used in combination on the same branch circuit with light fixtures, receptacles, and/or other appliances or equipment not fastened in place, shall not exceed 50 percent of the branch-circuit rating. Multioutlet branch circuits serving lighting or receptacles shall be limited to a maximum branch-circuit rating of 20 amperes.

E3602.6 Branch circuits serving a single motor. Branch-circuit conductors supplying a single motor shall have an ampacity not less than 125 percent of the motor full-load current rating.

E3602.7 Branch circuits serving motor-operated and combination loads. For circuits supplying loads consisting of motor-operated utilization equipment that is fastened in place and that has a motor larger than 0.125 horsepower in combination with other loads, the total computed load shall be based on 125 percent of the largest motor load plus the sum of the other loads.

E3602.8 Branch-circuit inductive lighting loads. For circuits supplying luminaires having ballasts, the computed load shall be based on the total ampere ratings of such units and not on the total watts of the lamps.

E3602.9 Branch-circuit load for ranges and cooking appliances. It shall be permissible to compute the branch-circuit load for one range in accordance with Table E3604.3(2). The branch-circuit load for one wall-mounted oven or one counter-mounted cooking unit shall be the nameplate rating of the appliance. The branch-circuit load for a countermounted cooking unit and not more than two wall-mounted ovens all supplied from a single branch circuit and located in the same room shall be computed by adding the nameplate ratings of the individual appliances and treating the total as equivalent to one range.

E3602.9.1 Minimum branch circuit for ranges. Ranges with a rating of 8.75 kVA or more shall be supplied by a branch circuit having a minimum rating of 40 amperes.

E3602.10 Branch circuits serving heating loads. Branch circuit ratings for space-heating and water-heating appliances shall be 125 percent of the nameplate rating of the appliance. Branch circuits supplying two or more outlets for fixed electric space-heating equipment shall be rated 15, 20 or 30 amperes.

E3602.11 Branch circuits for air-conditioning and heat pump equipment. The ampacity of the conductors supplying multimotor and combination load equipment shall not be less than the minimum circuit ampacity marked on the equipment. The branch-circuit overcurrent device rating shall be the circuit and type marked on the appliance and shall be listed for the specific purpose.

E3602.12 Branch circuits serving room air conditioners arroom air conditioner shall be considered as a single motor mit in determining its branch-circuit requirements where all the

following conditions are met:

- 1. It is cord- and attachment pup-con
- 2. The rating is not more than 40 amperes and 150 volts; single phase.
- 3. Total rated-load current is shown on the room air-conditioner nameplate rather than individual motor currents.
- 4. The rating of the branch-circuit short-circuit and ground-fail protective device does not exceed the ampacity of the branch-circuit conductors, or the rating of the branch-circuit conductors, or the rating of the receptace, whichever is less.

E3602.12.1 There no other loads are supplied. The total marked rating of total- and attachment plug-connected room air conditioner shall not exceed 80 percent of the rating of a branch circuit where no other appliances are also supplied.

E3602.12.2 Where lighting units or other appliances are also supplied. The total marked rating of a cord- and attachment plug-connected room air conditioner shall not exceed 50 percent of the rating of a branch circuit where lighting or other appliances are also supplied. Where the circuitry is interlocked to prevent simultaneous operation of the room air conditioner and energization of other outlets on the same branch circuit, a cord-and-attachment-plug-

connected room air conditioner shall not exceed 80 percent of the branch-circuit rating.

E3602.13 Branch-circuit requirement—summary. The requirements for circuits having two or more outlets, or receptacles, other than the receptacle circuits of Section E3603.2, are summarized in Table E3602.13. Branch circuits in dwelling units shall supply only loads within that dwelling unit or loads associated only with that dwelling unit. Branch circuits required for the purpose of lighting, o utral alarm, signal, communications, or other needs for public or common areas of a two-family dwelling shall not be supplied from equipment that supplies an individual welling unit.



a. These gages are for copper conductors.

b. N/A means not allowed.

SECTION E3603 REQUIRED BRANCH CIRCUITS

E3603.1 Branch circuits for heating. Central heating equipment other than fixed electric space heating shall be supplied by an individual branch circuit. Auxiliary equipment, such as pumps, motorized valves, humidifiers and electrostatic air cleaners directly associated with the central heating equipment, shall not be prohibited from connecting to the same branch circuit as the central heating equipment.

E3603.2 Kitchen and dining area receptacles. A minimum of two 20-ampere-rated branch circuits shall be provided to serve receptacles located in the kitchen, pantry, breakfast area, dining area or similar area of a dwelling. The kitchen countertop receptacles shall be served by a minimum of two 20-ampere-rated branch circuits, either or both of which shall also be permitted to supply other receptacle outlets in the kitchen, pantry, breakfast and dining area including receptacle outlets for refrigeration appliances.

E3603.3 Laundry circuit. A minimum of one 20-ampererated branch circuit shall be provided for receptacles located in the laundry area and shall serve only receptacle outlets located in the laundry area.

E3603.4 Bathroom branch circuits. A minimum of one 20-ampere branch circuit shall be provided to supply the bathroom receptacle outlet(s). Such circuits shall have no other outlets.

Exception: Where the 20-ampere circuit supplies a single bathroom, outlets for other equipment within the same bathroom shall be permitted to be supplied in accordance with Section E3602.

E3603.5 Number of branch circuits. The minimum number of branch circuits shall be determined from the total computed load and the size or rating of the circuits used. The number of circuits shall be sufficient to supply the load served. In no case shall the load on any circuit exceed the maximum specified by Section E3602.

E3603.6 Branch-circuit load proportioning. Where the branch-circuit load is computed on a volt-amperes/per-square-foot (m^2) basis, the wiring system, up to and including the branch-circuit panelboard(s), shall have the capacity to serve not less than the calculated load. This load shall be even-ly proportioned among multioutlet branch circuits within the panelboard(s). Branch-circuit overcurrent devices and circuits shall only be required to be installed to serve the connected load.

SECTION E3604 FEEDER REQUIREMENTS

E3604.1 Conductor size. Feeder conductors that do not serve 100 percent of the dwelling unit load and branch-circuit conductors shall be of a size sufficient to carry the load as deter mined by this chapter. Feeder conductors shall not be reduced to be larger than the service-entrance conductors that supply the dwelling unit. The load for feeder conductors that supply the main power feeder to a dwelling and shall be obtermined as specified in Chapter 35 for services. TABLE FEEDER LOA **E3604.2 Minimum feeder conductor size.** The size of feeder conductors shall not be less than 10 AWG copper or 8 AWG aluminum where the load supplied consists of any of the following number and types of circuits: (1) two or more two-wire branch circuits supplied by a two-wire feeder; (2) three or more two-wire branch circuits supplied by a three-wire feeder; or (3) two or more three-wire branch circuits supplied by a three-wire feeder.

E3604.3 Feeder loads. The mininum load in volt-amperes shall be computed in accordance with the load calculation procedure prescribed in Table E3604.3(1). The associated table demand factors shall be applied to the actual load to determine the minimum load for feeders.

E3604.4 Feeder neutral load. The feeder neutral load shall be the maximum unbalance of the load determined in accordance with this chapter the maximum unbalanced load shall be the maximum net computed load between the neutral and any of emground dconductor. For a feeder or service supplying electric ranges, wall-mounted ovens, counter-mounted cooking unbalanced as 70 percent of the load on the unground d conductors.

5604.5 Lighting and convenience receptacle load. A unit load of not less than 3 volt-amperes shall constitute the minimum lighting and convenience receptacle load for each square foot of floor area (33 VA for each square meter of floor area). The floor area for each floor shall be computed from the outside dimensions of the building. The computed floor area shall not include open porches, garages, or unused or unfinished spaces not adaptable for future use.

TABLE E3604.3(1) FEEDER LOAD CALCULATION

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LOAD CALCULATION PROCEDURE	APPLIED DEMAND FACTOR					
Lighting and receptacles: A vait load of rot ess than 3 VA per square foot of total floor	100 percent of first 3,000 VA or less and 35					
area shall on stitute the lighting and 120-volt, 15- and 20-ampere convenience receptacle	percent of that in excess of 3,000 VA.					
load. 1,600 A shall be added for each 20-ampere branch circuit serving receptacles in						
the tetren, dining from, pantro breakfast area and laundry area.						
Plus						
Appliance and motors. The nameplate rating load of all fastened-in-place appliances other	100 percent of load for three or less appliances.					
than dracts, ranges, air conditioning and space-heating equipment.	75 percent of load for four or more appliances.					
Plus						
Fixed motors: Folload current of motors plus 25 percent of the full load current of the large	st motor.					
Plus						
Electric clothes dryer: The dryer load shall be 5,000 VA for each dryer circuit or the nameplate rating load of each dryer, whichever is greater.						
Plus						
Cooking appliances: The nameplate rating of ranges, wall-mounted ovens,	Demand factors shall be as allowed by Table					
counter-mounted cooking units, and other cooking appliances rated in excess of 1.75	E3604.3(2).					
kVA shall be summed.						
Plus the largest of either the heating or cooling load						
Largest of the following two selections:						
1,100 percent of the percentate rating(a) of the size conditioning and eaching including heat nump compressions						

1.100 percent of the nameplate rating(s) of the air conditioning and cooling, including heat pump compressors.

2.100 percent of the fixed electric space heating.

For SI: 1 square foot = 0.0929 m^2 .

TABLE E3604.3(2) DEMAND LOADS FOR ELECTRIC RANGES, WALL-MOUNTED OVENS, COUNTER-MOUNTED COOKING UNITS AND OTHER COOKING APPLIANCES OVER 1³/₄ kVA RATING^{a,b}

	MAXIMUM DEMAND ^{b,c}	DEMAND FACTORS (percent) ^d		
NUMBER OF APPLIANCES	Column A maximum 12 kVA rating	Column B less than 3 ¹ / ₂ kVA rating	Column C 3 ¹ / ₂ to 8 ³ / ₄ kVA rating	
1	8 kVA	80	80	
2	11 kVA	75		

a. Column A shall be used in all cases except as provided for in Footnote d.

b. For ranges all having the same rating and individually rated more than 12 kVA but not more than 27 kVA, the maximum demand herein A shall be increased 5 percent for each additional kVA of rating or major fraction thereof by which the rating of individual ranges exceeds 12 kVA.

c. For ranges of unequal ratings and individually rated more than 8.75 kVA, but none exceeding 27 kVA, an average value parating shall be computed by adding together the ratings of all ranges to obtain the total connected load (using 12 kVA for any ranges rated less than 12 kVA) at dividing by the total number of ranges; and then the maximum demand in Column A shall be increased 5 percent for each kVA or major fraction thereof p, which this everage value exceeds 12 kVA.

d. Over 1.75 kVA through 8.75 kVA. As an alternative to the method provided in Column A, the nameplate ratings of all ranges rated more than 1.75 kVA but not more than 8.75 kVA shall be added and the sum shall be multiplied by the demand factor specified in Column B or C to the given number of appliances.

E3604.6 Ampacity and computed loads. The computed load of a feeder shall be not less than the sum of the loads on the branch circuits supplied, as determined by Section E3604, after any applicable demand factors permitted by Section E3604 have been applied.

Feeder conductors shall have sufficient ampacity to supply the load served. In no case shall the computed load of a fetter be less than the sum of the loads on the branch circuit supplied as determined by this chapter after any period det mand factors have been applied.

E3604.7 Feeder and branch-circuit conductors. Feeder and branch-circuit conductors shall be protected by a ercurrent protective to view supply.

SECTION E3605 SECTION E3605 SECTION E3605 PROTECTION

E605.1 General. Ampacities for conductors shall be determined based in accordance with Table E3605.1 and Sections E3605.2 and E3605.3.

E3605.2 Correction factor for ambient temperatures. For ambient temperatures other than 30°C (86°F), multiply the allowable ampacities specified in Table E3605.1 by the appropriate correction factor shown in Table E3605.2.

TABLE E3605.1

CONDUCTOR	UCTOR					CONDUCTOR	
SIZE	60 C	75°C	90°C	60°C	75°C	90°C	SIZE
AWO	Type	Types BHW, NHW, THV, THWN, MHE, XHHW	Types RHW-2, THHN, THHW, THW-2, THWN-2, XHHW, XHHW-2	Types TW, UF	Types RHW, THHW, THW, THWN, USE, XHHW	Types RHW-2, THHN, THHW, THW-2, THWN-2, XHHW, XHHW-2	AWG
kchil		Copper		Aluminu	m or copper-clad al	luminum	kcmil
18		—	14	—	—	—	_
16		—	18	—	—	—	—
14		20	25	—	—	—	—
12		25	30	20	20	25	12
10	30	35	40	25	30	35	10
8	40	50	55	30	40	45	8
6	55	65	75	40	50	60	6
4	70	85	95	55	65	75	4
3	85	100	110	65	75	85	3
2	95	115	130	75	90	100	2
1	110	130	150	85	100	115	1
1/0	125	150	170	100	120	135	1/0
2/0	145	175	195	115	135	150	2/0
3/0	165	200	225	130	155	175	3/0
4/0	195	230	260	150	180	205	4/0

For SI: $^{\circ}C = [(^{\circ}F)-32]/1.8$.

	FOR AMBIENT TEMPERATURES OTHER THAN 30°C (86°F), MULTIPLY THE ALLOWABLE AMPACITIES SPECIFIED IN TABLE E3605.1 BY THE APPROPRIATE FACTOR SHOWN BELOW						
	CONDUCTOR TEMPERATURE RATING						
	60°C	75°C	90°C	60°C	75°C	90°C	
	Types TW, UF	Types RHW, THHW, THW, THWN, USE, XHHW	Types RHW-2, THHN, THHW, THW-2, THWN-2, XHHW, XHHW-2	Types TW, UF	Types RHW, THHW, THW, THWN, USE, XHHW	Types RHW-2, THHN, THHW, THW-2, THWN-2, XHHW, XHHW-2	
AMBIENT TEMP. °C	Copper			Aluminu	im or copper-clad	aluminum	AMBIENT TEMP. °F
21-25	1.08	1.05	1.04	1.08	1.05	1.04	70-77
26-30	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2 1.00	78-86
31-35	0.91	0.94	0.96	0.91	0.94	0.96	87-95
36-40	0.82	0.88	0.91	0.82	0.80	91	96-104
41-45	0.71	0.82	0.87	0.71	0.82	0.87	105-113
46-50	0.58	0.75	0.82	0.58	0.75	0.82	114-122
51-55	0.41	0.67	0.76	0.41	0.67	0.76	123-131
56-60	_	0.58	0.71		0.58	0.71	132-140
61-70	_	0.33	0.58	N	0.33	0.58	141-158
71-80	_	_	0.41		P –	0.41	159-176

TABLE E3605.2 AMBIENT TEMPERATURE CORRECTION FACTORS

For SI: $^{\circ}C = [(^{\circ}F)-32]/1.8$.

E3605.3 Adjustment factor for conductor proximity Where the number of current-carrying conductors in *p* way or cable exceeds three, or where single conductors or multiconductor cables are stacked or bundled for distances greater than 24 inches (610 mm) without main air air ng spacin and are not installed in raceways, the allowable amplicity of each conductor shall be reduced as shown Table of 605.3

Exceptions:

- 1. Adjustment factors shall nipples having a eding Tiches (610 mm).
- 2. Adjustment factors shall apply to underground conductors entering of aving an undoor trench if those conductors have physical protection in the form of tigld metal conduit, intermediate metal conduit, or ligid normetallic conduit having a length not ding 1 (1048 min) and the number of connot exce, o four.

BLE E3605.3 MITY ADJUSTMENT FACTORS

NUMBER OF CURRE C-CARRYING CONDUCTORS IN CABLE OR RACEWAY	PERCENT OF VALUES IN TABLE E3605.1
4-6	80
7-9	70
10-20	50
21-30	45
31-40	40
41 and above	35

E3605.4 Temperature limitations. The temperature rating associated with the ampacity of a conductor shall be so se-

letted and coordinated to not exceed the lowest temperature Ming of any connected termination, conductor or device. Conductors with temperature ratings higher than specified for terminations shall be permitted to be used for ampacity adjustment, correction, or both.

E3605.4.1 Conductors rated 60°C. Termination provisions of equipment for circuits rated 100 amperes or less, or marked for 14 AWG through 1 AWG conductors, shall be used only for one of the following, except where the equipment is marked otherwise:

- 1. Conductors rated 60° C (140°F), or
- 2. Conductors with higher temperature ratings, provided that the ampacity of such conductors is determined based on the 60° C (140°F) ampacity of the conductor size used, or
- Conductors with higher temperature ratings where 3. the equipment is listed and identified for use with such conductors, or
- 4. For motors marked with design letters B, C, D, or E, conductors having an insulation rating of 75°C (167°F) or higher shall be permitted to be used provided that the ampacity of such conductors does not exceed the 75°C (167°F) ampacity.

E3605.4.2 Conductors rated 75°C. Termination provisions of equipment for circuits rated over 100 amperes, or marked for conductors larger than 1 AWG, shall be used only for:

- 1. Conductors rated $75^{\circ}C$ (167°F).
- Conductors with higher temperature ratings pro-2. vided that the ampacity of such conductors does not exceed the 75° C (167°F) ampacity of the conductor size used, or provided that the equipment is listed and identified for use with such conductors.

E3605.4.3 Separately installed pressure connectors. Separately installed pressure connectors shall be used with conductors at the ampacities not exceeding the ampacity at the listed and identified temperature rating of the connector.

E3605.4.4 Conductors of Type NM cable. Conductors in NM cable assemblies shall be rated at $90^{\circ}C (194^{\circ}F)$. Types NM, NMC, and NMS cable identified by the markings NM-B, NMC-B, and NMS-B meet this requirement. The ampacity of Types NM, NMC, and NMS cable shall be at $60^{\circ}C (140^{\circ}F)$ conductors and shall comply with Tables E3605.1 and E3605.5.3. The $90^{\circ}C (194^{\circ}F)$ rating shall be permitted to be used for ampacity correction and adjustment purposes provided that the final corrected or adjusted ampacity does not exceed that for a $60^{\circ}C (140^{\circ}F)$ rated conductor.

E3605.5 Overcurrent protection required. All ungrounded branch-circuit and feeder conductors shall be protected against overcurrent by an overcurrent device installed at the point where the conductors receive their supply. Overcurrent devices shall not be connected in series with a grounded conductor. Overcurrent protection and allowable loads for branch circuits and feeders that do not serve as the main power feeder to the dwelling unit load shall be in accordance with this chapter.

Branch-circuit conductors and equipment shall be obtected by overcurrent protective devices having a rating or setting not exceeding the allowable ampacity specification Table E3605.1 and Sections E3605.2, E3605.3 and 50505.4 excepwhere otherwise permitted or required in Sections E3605.5.1 through E3605.5.3.

E3605.5.1 Cords. Cords shall be with Section E3809.2.

E3605.5.2 Overcurrent devices of the next higher rating. The next higher standard concurrent device rating, above the ampacity of the conductors being protected, shall be permitted to be used, provided that all of the following conditions are next.

- 1. The ctuductors being protected are not part of a multroublet branch circuit supplying receptacles for sord- and prog-connected portable loads.
- 2. The amoacity of conductors does not correspond with the standard empere rating of a fuse or a circuit breaker without overload trip adjustments above its rating (but hat shall be permitted to have other trip or rating adjustments).
- 3. The next higher standard device rating does not exceed 400 amperes.

E3605.5.3 Small conductors. Except as specifically permitted by Section E3605.5.4, the rating of overcurrent protection devices shall not exceed the ratings shown in Table E3605.5.3 for the conductors specified therein.

E3605.5.4 Air-conditioning and heat pump equipment. Air-conditioning and heat pump equipment circuit conductors shall be permitted to be protected against overcurrent in accordance with Section E3602.11.

E3605.6 Fuses and fixed trip circuit breakers. The standard ampere ratings for fuses and inverse time circuit breakers shall be considered 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50, 60, 70, 80, 90, 100, 110, 125, 150, 175, 200, 225, 250, 300, 350 and 400 amperes.

TABLE E3605.5.3 OVERCURRENT-PROTECTION PATING					
COF	PER	ALUMINUM OR COPPER-CLAD ALUMINUM			
Size (AWG)	Maximum overcurrent protection- device rating ^a (ampt	S (A	Maximum overcurrent- protection- device rating ^a (amps)		
14	15	12	15		
12	20	1 0	25		
10	30	8	30		

a. The maximum overcurrent-protection-device rating shall not exceed the conductor blowable amprice determined by the application of the correction and adjustment factors in accordance with Sections E3605.2 and E3605.3

23605.7 Konation of overcurrent devices in or on premises. Overcurrent devices shall:

Ne readily accessible.

- Not be located where they will be exposed to physical damage.
- 3. Not be located where they will be in the vicinity of easily ignitible material such as in clothes closets.
- 4. Not be located in bathrooms.

Exceptions:

- 1. This section shall not apply to supplementary overcurrent protection that is integral to utilization equipment.
- 2. Overcurrent devices installed adjacent to the utilization equipment that they supply shall be permitted to be accessible by portable means.

E3605.8 Ready access for occupants. Each occupant shall have ready access to all overcurrent devices protecting the conductors supplying that occupancy.

E3605.9 Enclosures for overcurrent devices. Overcurrent devices shall be enclosed in cabinets or cutout boxes except where an overcurrent device is part of an assembly that provides equivalent protection. The operating handle of a circuit breaker shall be permitted to be accessible without opening a door or cover.

SECTION E3606 PANELBOARDS

E3606.1 Panelboard rating. All panelboards shall have a rating not less than that of the minimum service entrance or feeder capacity required for the computed load.

E3606.2 Panelboard circuit identification. All circuits and circuit modifications shall be legibly identified as to purpose

or use on a circuit directory located on the face or inside the door of the enclosure.

E3606.3 Panelboard overcurrent protection. Panelboards shall be protected on the supply side by not more than two main circuit breakers or two sets of fuses having a combined rating not greater than that of the panelboard.

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